AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

(Currently Amended) A method of quenching a material, comprising the steps of:
 providing a <u>nickel alloy</u> material having a first section and a second section; and
 impingement cooling said first section with a fluid to increase a cooling rate of said first
 section relative to a cooling rate of said second section;

wherein impingement cooling is a subset of forced convection cooling that produces significantly higher heat transfer coefficients than the remainder of the forced convection regime.

- 2. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein said fluid comprises a gas.
- 3. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein said propelling step generally minimizes a gradient between a temperature of said first section and a temperature of said second section.
- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the propelling step remains constant during quenching.
- 6. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the propelling step varies during quenching.

- 7. (Original) The method as recited in claim 6, wherein the propelling step varies by adjusting a pressure of said fluid.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method of adjusting the cooling rate of a forging during quenching, comprising the steps of:

providing a <u>nickel alloy</u> forging having a first section with a first cooling rate and a second section having a second cooling rate; and

impingement cooling said first section with a fluid in order to minimize a differential between said first cooling rate and said second cooling rate;

wherein impingement cooling is a subset of forced convection cooling that produces significantly higher heat transfer coefficients than the remainder of the forced convection regime.

- 9. (Original) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein said fluid is a gas.
- 10. (Original) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein said propelling step generally minimizes a gradient between a temperature of said first section and a temperature of said second section.
- 11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Original) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein the propelling step remains constant during quenching.

- 13. (Original) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein the propelling step varies during quenching.
- 14. (Original) The method as recited in claim 13, wherein the propelling step varies by adjusting a pressure of said fluid.
- 15. (Currently Amended) An A combination of a nickel alloy material and an apparatus for quenching a said material, the material having a first section and a second section, said apparatus comprising:

a support for receiving the material; and

an outlet having a size and a location adjacent said support such that a fluid exiting said outlet impingement cools the first section of the material, so that a cooling rate of the first section increases relative to a cooling rate of the second section;

wherein impingement cooling is a subset of forced convection cooling that produces significantly higher heat transfer coefficients than the remainder of the forced convection regime.

- 16. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 15, wherein said outlet has a diameter (d) and is positioned a distance (Z) from the material placed in said support, and Z/d is between approximately 1.0 and 6.0.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 15, wherein said outlet comprises a plurality of outlets each having a diameter (d), adjacent outlets having a spacing (s) therebetween, and s/d is less than approximately 26.0.

- 18. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 17, wherein said spacing is a circumferential spacing (X) and X/d is less than approximately 26.0.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 17, wherein said spacing is a radial spacing (Y) and Y/d is less than approximately 24.0.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 15, wherein said outlet comprises a plurality of outlets in an annular pipe.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the step of impingement cooling said second section.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 8, further comprising the step of impingement cooling said second section.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein said impingement cooling step produces heat transfer coefficients up to approximately 300 BTU/hr ft²
 °F.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein said first section has a low surface area to volume ratio.

- 25. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein said first section is a larger volumetric section than said second section.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein said impingement cooling step produces heat transfer coefficients up to approximately 300 BTU/hr ft² °F.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein said first section has a low surface area to volume ratio.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein said first section is a larger volumetric section than said second section.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 15, wherein said impingement cooling step produces heat transfer coefficients up to approximately 300 BTU/hr ft² °F.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 20, wherein said outlet further comprises a plurality of outlets in a central section.
- 31. (Currently Amended) A method of quenching a material, comprising the steps of:

 providing a <u>nickel alloy</u> material having a first section and a second section; and

cooling said first section with a gas to increase a cooling rate of said first section relative to a cooling rate of said second section;

wherein said cooling step produces heat transfer coefficients greater than those created by oil bath quenching.

- 32. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 31, wherein said cooling step comprises impingement cooling.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 31, wherein said cooling step produces heat transfer coefficients up to approximately 300 BTU/hr ft² °F.
- 34.-36. (Canceled)
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 6, wherein the material is a nickel alloy.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 37, wherein said impingement cooling step reduces said cooling rate once said alloy exits a temperature range of a ductility trough.
- 39. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 16 wherein d is between approximately 0.055" and 0.075".

- 40. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 17 wherein d is between approximately 0.055" and 0.075".
- 41. (Currently Amended) The apparatus combination as recited in claim 15, wherein said outlet has a diameter (d) between approximately 0.055" and 0.075".
- 42. (New) The combination of claim 15, wherein the material is a forged turbine disk.